

EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

POLISH-GEORGIAN CREDIT UNION PARTNERSHIP

HON. NEWT GINGRICH

OF GEORGIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 20, 1996

Mr. GINGRICH. Mr. Speaker, I would like to take this opportunity to recognize and bring to my colleague's attention a movement that is currently underway in the nation of Poland. This action is designed to help bring about the creation and development of credit unions to benefit the citizens of Poland.

I understand that the Georgia Credit Union Affiliates, in an unparalleled partnership with the Polish National Association of Cooperative Savings and Credit Unions, have entered into an agreement in which Georgia-based credit unions with provide assistance in the development and implementation of new credit union services and products for the benefit of Polish credit union members.

It has long been understood that the benefits of credit unions help facilitate savings and investment, providing capital for new businesses and strengthening the economy. As we are all aware, savings and investments are the key to a country's long term well being, and I hope this new and unique partnership will lead to a strong economy for Poland and its citizens.

I commend the efforts of the Polish people to build and strengthen their private financial institutions, efforts which I hope will continue for many generations to come.

TRIBUTE TO NORTHERN TELECOM

HON. DAVID FUNDERBURK

OF NORTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 20, 1996

Mr. FUNDERBURK. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate an important corporate citizen in my district. Northern Telecom [Nortel], a telecommunications equipment manufacturer, recently received the first annual Corporate Citizenship Award from the Committee on Economic Development.

Nortel received this prestigious award in recognition of the principles and values the company has held throughout the 100 years it has been in business. Not only do they invest in research and development, in customer satisfaction, in the training and education of their work force, in the quality of their management and in their overall business performance, but also they believe in a strong and ongoing commitment to education, support for arts and culture, and support for nonprofit community service organizations. In the Raleigh-Durham area, Nortel has about 9,000 employees. The company and the employees contributed funds and time to community organizations such as the North Carolina Business Committee for Education and the Health Care Information

and Communications Alliance, a collaboration between business and hospitals to develop a statewide health care information and communications system. With Nortel's encouragement and support, employees also contribute time to Habitat for Humanity, the National Council on Aging, Special Olympics and the North Carolina Symphony and the United Arts Council of Durham and Wake Counties.

I ask my colleagues to join me in congratulating Nortel and their employees on receiving this most deserved award.

VIOLENCE IN SLOVAKIA

HON. CHRISTOPHER H. SMITH

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 20, 1996

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. Mr. Speaker, I am alarmed by recent violence in Slovakia that may be part of a larger pattern of politically motivated violence. During the weekend of May 4-5, a device that may have been a handgrenade exploded in front of the home of Bela Bugar. Mr. Bugar is not only a member of the Hungarian minority's opposition coalition, he is also, according to opinion polls, its most popular member. Shortly before that incident, Robert Remias, a former policeman who has been questioned in connection with the kidnaping of President Michal Kovac's son last year, died when his propane-fueled BMW exploded.

Although it is not yet certain who is responsible for these acts, it is clear that violence coincides with politics in Slovakia at a suspiciously high rate. I also recall, for example, that Frantisek Miklosko, the opposition leader of the Christian Democratic Movement, was assaulted by unknown attackers near his home last August; Peter Toth, a journalist investigating the Kovac case, has also been assaulted; last April, a bomb went off in the car of Arpad Matejka, a member of the Prime Minister's party.

The Helsinki Commission, which I chair, is no stranger to Slovakia. We were a close observer of developments there well before the breakup of the Czechoslovak Federation in 1992 and have issued two major reports on that country. Since last summer, I have been joined twice by Senator ALFONSE D'AMATO, the Commissions' cochairman, and the Commission's ranking minority members, Representative STENY H. HOYER and Senator FRANK LAUTENBERG, in sending letters to Slovak Ambassador Lichardus regarding continuing challenges to the democratization process in his country.

Although the Commission has raised a number of serious concerns in these letters, we have, remained generally optimistic about developments in Slovakia. Last week, for example, I hosted a conference in New Jersey on business opportunities in Central Europe, where I discussed some of the positive economic changes in Slovakia that are creating

new opportunities for Slovak society as a whole. I appreciate the willingness of the Slovak Parliament to consider the views of a number of international interlocutors regarding draft legislation and note the active and constructive role of the President and the Constitutional Court in guiding the passage of legislation consistent with democratic values and human rights norms. I commend Prime Minister Meciar for his decision last week to seek, in his words, a wider democratic discussion of the draft law on the protection of the Republic. Most of all, I have been greatly heartened by the increasing involvement of Slovak citizens in all areas of public life.

The message sent by the most recent developments in Slovakia, therefore, is all the more discouraging. And that message is dangerous: take on a high political profile, and you are possibly a more visible—and more likely—target of violence.

I welcome the May 9 statement of the Government of Slovakia condemning acts of violence and promising a thorough investigation of these matters. I believe it is particularly important that the death of Robert Remias be examined in an open and transparent manner, in a manner that makes information available to all those concerned with this case, and in a manner that will foster credibility in its results.

Mr. Speaker, the Helsinki Commission will continue to follow closely developments in this case, and I expect to report further to this body as information becomes available.

TRIBUTE TO DR. STANLEY MARTIN HANFLING

HON. TOM LANTOS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 20, 1996

Mr. LANTOS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to express my deep sadness at the passing of Dr. Stanley Martin Hanfling, a long-time close friend and a prominent physician from Hillsborough, CA, in my congressional district. Dr. Hanfling dedicated his life to healing, to the advancement of medicine and to improving the health knowledge of our Nation as a whole. I wish to express my most heartfelt gratitude for his many years of friendship and service to the community. My sincerest condolences to his wonderful wife, Cecilia, his sister, Ruth Samuels, his cousin, Irma Leon, his two nephews, a niece, and a multitude of friends and patients.

The San Francisco Peninsula will sorely miss the intelligence and expertise of this excellent physician. Until shortly before his death, Dr. Hanfling practiced internal medicine at his San Mateo office. He was on the staff at Peninsula, Mills, Sequoia, and San Mateo County hospitals. He dedicated many hours of his valuable time at several free clinics and taught health education classes at the College of San Mateo. These varied and extremely important posts which Dr. Hanfling held throughout his career made him an integral part of

• This "bullet" symbol identifies statements or insertions which are not spoken by a Member of the Senate on the floor.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.

health care for people of all backgrounds and needs on the San Francisco Peninsula.

Shortly after completing his medical training, Dr. Hanfling served his country with distinction as a captain in the U.S. Army at Valley Forge Army Hospital in Phoenixville, PA, during 1956 to 1958. While pursuing his demanding career, he remained active in the Army Reserve Medical Corps from 1958 to 1966.

Dr. Hanfling was not only committed to serving all who sought his expertise through a hospital, doctor's office or free clinic, he was also committed to improving the health of his community through education. Dr. Hanfling hosted and produced 26 half-hour educational programs, part of a series entitled "Medical Update" which was broadcast on KCSM-TV in San Mateo. These programs addressed a wide range of subjects, including coronary artery disease, birth control, exercise and health, health policy, cancer, and venereal disease. These far-reaching programs earned Dr. Hanfling an award from the American Medical Association for educational TV and radio programs.

Music was Dr. Hanfling's passion outside of medicine. Here, too, he sought to share his enjoyment of music with the community and promote the talents of local musicians. For two decades he opened his home to musicians and guests for an extensive series of chamber music and recitals that were regularly attended by friends, acquaintances and patients. Dr. Hanfling also sponsored the careers of several promising local musicians, including the up-and-coming Aurora String Quartet.

Mr. Speaker, as we say goodbye to Dr. Hanfling, we are reminded of the difference one dedicated individual can make through his professional and extracurricular pursuits. I consider myself extremely fortunate to be among the many individuals who benefited from his wisdom and kindness. Stanley, we all send you our love and appreciation.

FOLLOW-ON FORCE IN BOSNIA

HON. LEE H. HAMILTON

OF INDIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 20, 1996

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, during a hearing in the International Relations Committee last month on the situation in Bosnia, Under Secretary of State Peter Tarnoff was asked to address the important issue of what will happen in Bosnia after the NATO-led peace implementation force, IFOR, is withdrawn, starting after the planned Bosnian elections, scheduled for mid-September of this year.

Following the hearing I requested Under Secretary Tarnoff to respond in more detail, in writing, about the status of planning for a possible follow-on force in Bosnia. In his letter the Under Secretary emphasizes that "The administration remains committed to completing IFOR's mission in approximately 1 year." He also stresses that "the completion of IFOR's mission will not mean the end of the international community's efforts to support peace and economic reconstruction in Bosnia. The United States will continue to assist in these important international efforts."

I am inserting the full text of Under Secretary Tarnoff's letter in the RECORD so that Members of Congress can better understand

the administration's approach to the critical issue of the timing of the withdrawal of IFOR and the planning for a possible follow-on force.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, DC, May 15, 1996.

Hon. LEE H. HAMILTON,
U.S. House of Representatives.

DEAR CONGRESSMAN HAMILTON: Under Secretary Tarnoff has requested that I respond to your letter of April 25, in which you asked about the status of planning for a follow-on force in Bosnia.

From the beginning of his Administration the President made clear that he was prepared to support the deployment of U.S. forces in conjunction with a peace agreement in Bosnia. Following the successful negotiation of the Dayton accords, the President indicated his intention to deploy approximately 20,000 U.S. ground troops as part of the NATO-led IFOR. The Dayton Accords, United Nations Security Council Resolution 1031 authorizing IFOR, and the NATO Operational Plan governing IFOR's deployment set forth a duration of "approximately one year" or "about 12 months". As the President stated in his November 27, 1995, address to the nation, "Our Joint Chiefs of Staff have concluded that this mission should and will take about one year." The President subsequently wrote to House Speaker Gingrich on December 21, saying, "And I expect, that the military mission can be accomplished in about a year." This has been—and remains—Administration policy.

On April 30, the President approved an approach regarding the drawdown of troops in Bosnia consistent with previous Administration and NATO policy. Specifically, it recognized that IFOR will play a crucial role in providing security for upcoming Bosnian elections, which, according to the Dayton Agreement, are to be held by mid-September. To that end, IFOR should remain at full strength through the Bosnian elections. The pace and extent of the drawdown in the period between the Bosnian elections and the conclusion of IFOR's mandate on December 20 will be determined by General Joulwan and other senior NATO military officials, in consultation with NATO's North Atlantic Council.

IFOR should retain until December 20, 1996 sufficient forces to accomplish its full mission and protect the lives of its personnel including U.S. troops. This approach will mean that IFOR would complete its drawdown in the weeks after December 20, on a schedule and in a manner consistent with logistical requirements and the safety of our troops.

The Administration remains committed to completing IFOR's mission in approximately one year. It was with this in mind and in the context of discussions of the presence of the IPTF or others in a post-IFOR environment in which Under Secretary Tarnoff stated that "we are not contemplating any organized military force."

In the referenced New York Times piece, Secretary Perry noted, "As we get nearer that December date we're going to have to take a look and say, 'What is the likelihood of a war starting up again?' If we conclude that there's a danger, then the question that NATO will have to answer is what kind of force deployment do we need to provide an adequate deterrence for that not happening." It is only prudent that this Administration and NATO should review, as we approach fall, the specific security situation in Bosnia. However, neither this Administration nor NATO is planning at this time to deploy a follow-on force in Bosnia.

Of course, the completion of IFOR's mission will not mean the end of the international community's efforts to support

peace and economic reconstruction in Bosnia. Numerous tasks will continue, including the return of refugees and displaced persons, arms control and military stabilization, removal of land mines, investigations by the International Criminal Tribunal, and the mending of civil, political, and economic institutions damaged or destroyed by the war. The United States will continue to assist in these important international efforts.

Thank you for forwarding your concerns with respect to these important issues. I hope you have found this helpful.

Sincerely,

BARBARA LARKIN,
Acting Assistant Secretary
for Legislative Affairs.

COMMONSENSE PRODUCT LIABILITY REFORM ACT OF 1996—VETO MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. 104-207)

SPEECH OF

HON. BILL PAXON

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, May 9, 1996

Mr. PAXON. Mr. Speaker, the long overdue reforms contained in H.R. 956 will restore fairness and efficiency to our Nation's legal system, by instituting a series of modest reforms to our Nation's product liability laws.

A majority of Americans believe that our Nation's legal system is out of control and is in need of serious reform. As our courts become clogged with frivolous lawsuits, those Americans who have been truly injured must wait months, sometimes years, for their cases to be heard.

Our current legal system actually denies justice to those Americans who need it most. This legislation will put justice back in our justice system.

I have been a strong supporter of H.R. 956 since it was first considered in the House Commerce Committee, on which I serve.

Should this override attempt be unsuccessful, I am confident that next year Congress will consider and approve not only product liability reform legislation, but comprehensive reform of our Nation's legal system.

CONGRATULATIONS TO KENNESAW STATE COLLEGE MARKETING STUDENTS

HON. NEWT GINGRICH

OF GEORGIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 20, 1996

Mr. GINGRICH. Mr. Speaker, I want to recognize the students of the Kennesaw State College Marketing and Professional Sales Department for their hard work as part of the 1996 General Motors Marketing Internship Class in developing "Escape into Excitement Days" from May 20 to 24, 1996.

This internship has created a successful partnership between businesses and students so that young men and women gain invaluable experience in developing and implementing an actual marketing campaign.

Again, I want to commend the outstanding efforts of these hardworking, exceptionally

bright, and dedicated students, and I wish them all the success in their future endeavors.

HONORING CHARLES P. "CHUCK"
DOYLE ON HIS 80TH BIRTHDAY

HON. CHRISTOPHER COX

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 20, 1996

Mr. COX of California. Mr. Speaker, 80 years ago, on May 26, 1916, barnstorming daredevil Charles P. "Chuck" Doyle was born in Minneapolis, MN. Eighty years later, Chuck is still creating aviation history.

He bought his first airplane while still a Washburn High School student. It was an OX-5 powered Travel Air biplane. With this—and his motorcycle—he started on his path as an unofficial daredevil and official aviation pioneer.

In 1935, Chuck Doyle made his first parachute jump as part of the Thrill Day Air Show at the Minnesota State Fair. Two years later, he began performing regularly at shows and fairs around the country. Whether on wings or wheels, he loved to excite his audiences. He ramp-jumped his Harley over lines of cars, magically survived carefully planned head-on auto collisions and boardwalk crashes, piloted his motorcycle through tunnels of flame—and memorably, during a thrill show in Mississippi in 1937, even crashed a plane into a clapboard house.

He worked as a civilian pilot for Northwest Airlines during the Second World War—honoring their requirement that he quit the thrill shows, even in his spare time. It was during this time, however, that Chuck first began skywriting and towing aerial banners—a pursuit he maintained until recently.

The great airplanes that the U.S. military retired after World War II provided Chuck Doyle with a new opportunity: acquiring surplus warbird aircraft, refurbishing and restoring them, displaying them in museums, and even giving them a new life in the air. Three of his masterpieces have been placed on display in the U.S. Air Force Museum at Dayton, OH.

His talent for restoration was never more in evidence than when he reconstructed a replica of the vintage Curtis Pusher—one of the earliest American planes, originally designed and built in 1910. Chuck's handiwork wasn't just historically authentic and interesting to look at. In 1985, he took his exact replica of this 75-year-old vintage aircraft to the Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport, where the authorities agreed to close down one of the main runways for his exclusive use. He then proceeded successfully to pilot the only truly authentic Curtis Pusher replica ever to fly. The plane now hangs on exhibit in the main terminal of that airport.

Most mortals can only marvel at the way Chuck Doyle so often succeeded in his relentless pursuit of the nearly impossible. But even Chuck couldn't beat city hall, when it came to preserving his cherished private airstrip. Still, his much-publicized—if ultimately losing—battle with the city of Apple Valley, MN, extended his record of providing thrills and excitement, this time for the newspaper-reading public.

As a lifelong member of dozens of aviation organizations, Chuck Doyle has contributed in thousands of ways to the progress of the era of manned flight. In 1992, his lifetime of contributions was in turn recognized by his peers, by historians, and by civic leaders when he was inducted to the Minnesota Aviation Hall of Fame. There, he shares the company of a pantheon of internationally famous aviators, among whom are two other well-known "Charleses": Charles "Speed" Holman—for whom Holman Field is named—and Charles Lindbergh.

His son, Charles Jr., also known as "Chuck," is an airline pilot and aircraft owner who is carrying on the family tradition.

It is no easy feat to attempt to summarize 80 years of Charles senior's life. But it is easy to observe one characteristic of overriding significance. More than a crazy daredevil stunt man who survived it all, more than a distinguished airline pilot and professional aviator who has logged over 30,000 hours in the air, entirely accident free—more than an air historian, aviation pioneer, and dedicated father—Chuck Doyle is a great American. His boundless spirit and courageous example remind us of the quintessential character of our country, and of what Thomas Jefferson must surely have had in mind when he described our national dedication to the pursuit of happiness. Chuck has given thousands of Americans happiness during a distinguished and exciting career. As he celebrates his 80th birthday, Mr. Speaker, I know that all of the Members of this Congress join in wishing him every happiness in return.

GALE AND GERALD MESSERMAN:
RECIPIENTS OF AMERICAN ORT'S
JURISPRUDENCE AWARD

HON. LOUIS STOKES

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 20, 1996

Mr. STOKES. Mr. Speaker, on May 21, 1996, members of the Cleveland chapter of the American Organization for Rehabilitation Through Training [ORT] will hold a tribute dinner in honor of two residents of my congressional district. Attorneys Gale and Gerald Messerman are the first northeast Ohio residents to be awarded the ORT Jurisprudence Award. This distinguished award recognizes the Messermans for their extraordinary contributions to the enhancement of the community and to the pursuit of justice. As the Honorary Chairperson for the tribute dinner, I am proud to salute the Messermans on this occasion.

The Organization for Rehabilitation Through Training [ORT] was founded in 1880 in Tsarist, Russia for the purpose of providing critical job skills to the poor of Eastern Europe. Today, the organization is the largest non-governmental education and training organization in the world. Over the years, ORT has trained over 3 million students, helping both immigrants and American-born individuals to locate work in an ever-changing job market. The ORT network includes junior and senior high schools, technical high schools, junior and senior colleges, apprenticeship centers,

and adult education classrooms. The Greater Cleveland area and communities around the globe benefit as a result of the organization's strong commitment to assisting others.

The Jurisprudence Award was created by American ORT to recognize and honor members of the legal community. These are individuals whose professional lives have substantially improved the quality of life for their fellow human beings; they are role models for others to emulate; and they have established new directions for the enhancement of their profession and their community. Gale and Gerald Messerman are more than deserving of this special recognition. The Messermans have not only distinguished themselves within the legal profession, but they are committed to helping others achieve. They share the guiding principle upon which ORT was founded—that the highest form of charity is to help people help themselves.

Mr. Speaker, since 1980, Gale and Gerald Messerman have practiced law at Messerman & Messerman, a leading firm in the Cleveland area. Gale received her legal education at Southern Methodist University School of Law. She is a former Associate Professor of Law and former Dean for Student Affairs at the Cleveland-Marshall College of Law. At the law school, Gale also taught courses in Civil Procedure, Urban Housing, and Poverty and the Law. Gale also established a civil clinical education program at the school. Attorney Messerman has also been employed with the Case Western Reserve University School of Law, where she instructed students in law and served as assistant director of the Clinical Legal Education Program.

Attorney Gerald Messerman is a graduate of the Georgetown University Law Center. His career has included serving as assistant and associate professor of law at the Ohio State University College of Law. He taught classes in evidence, family law, legal ethics, law and psychiatry, and seminars relating to the legal problems of the poor. He was also successful in establishing a clinical program for the representation of those who are poverty stricken. Attorney Messerman is also a former assistant U.S. attorney for the District of Columbia.

Gale and Gerald Messermans have been successful in reaching out and, indeed, reaching back, to make certain that students reach their fullest potential. They are active in teaching, and they serve on the boards of organizations that benefit students of all ages. Most important, they are individuals who give freely of their time and talents.

Mr. Speaker, I have enjoyed a close friendship with attorneys Gale and Gerald Messerman over the years. They are individuals of the highest caliber whom I respect and admire. Gale and Gerald are most deserving of the American ORT's Jurisprudence Award, and I take special pride in saluting them on this occasion. I am also pleased to note that proceeds from the ORT tribute dinner will be used to create a scholarship fund honoring the Messermans. It represents a fitting tribute to these dedicated individuals who have given so much to helping others.

CONGRATULATING PRESIDENT
LEE TENG-HU ON HIS INAUGURA-
TION AS THE FIRST DEMOCRAT-
ICALLY ELECTED PRESIDENT OF
THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA ON
TAIWAN

HON. TOM LANTOS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 20, 1996

Mr. LANTOS. Mr. Speaker, I wish to urge my colleagues to join me in extending the warmest congratulations of the United States Congress to Lee Teng-hui, newly elected President of the Republic of China on Taiwan, on his inauguration today as the first directly elected President in Chinese history. President Lee and the people on Taiwan deserve our most heartfelt congratulations for so marvelously achieving this ultimate democratic goal, a free and fair and open Presidential election.

Mr. Speaker, ever since I sponsored the legislation which passed the Congress nearly unanimously to urge that the administration grant a visa to President Lee to attend a reunion at his alma mater, Cornell University, in June 1995, the world has focused its attention on Taiwan's economic and political achievements. After President Lee's visit to Cornell, the People's Republic of China began a concerted campaign of intimidation and violence toward Taiwan in a vain effort to deny the reality of Taiwan's ever-growing prosperity and democratic development. During China's war of words and military intimidation aimed at Taiwan, President Lee fiercely refused to be cowed. For his steadfast defense of Taiwan's security and international stature, the people on Taiwan rewarded him with a landslide victory in their first direct Presidential election. For students of Chinese history, this election is a watershed event whose repercussions for the future of democracy in China will be deeply felt for generations to come.

Mr. Speaker, in all probability, the regime in Beijing will continue to writhe in anger at the vibrant democratic society whose government is based on principles of freedom and human rights and which now exists just across the Taiwan Strait. As China seeks to escape responsibility for its appalling human rights record and its flaunting of international trade agreements, Taiwan will likely remain a lightning rod for Beijing's nationalist saber rattling. What is certain, however, is that Taiwan has earned and will have the support of the United States Congress and the American people as it faces the challenges posed by its aggressive neighbor. It is in the spirit of mutual respect for democracy and freedom that United States-Taiwan relations have continued to blossom. On this auspicious occasion, the inauguration of the first directly elected President in Chinese history, I urge my colleagues to join me in expressing the Congress' warmest wishes for continued success to President Lee Teng-hui.

SENATE COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Title IV of Senate Resolution 4, agreed to by the Senate on February 4, 1977, calls for establishment of a system for a computerized schedule of all meetings and hearings of Senate committees, subcommittees, joint committees, and committees of conference. This title requires all such committees to notify the Office of the Senate Daily Digest—designated by the Rules Committee—of the time, place, and purpose of the meetings, when scheduled, and any cancellations or changes in the meetings as they occur.

As an additional procedure along with the computerization of this information, the Office of the Senate Daily Digest will prepare this information for printing in the Extensions of Remarks section of the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD on Monday and Wednesday of each week.

Meetings scheduled for Tuesday, May 21, 1996, may be found in the Daily Digest of today's RECORD.

MEETINGS SCHEDULED

MAY 22

9:30 a.m.

Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry

To hold hearings on S. 1166, to improve the registration of pesticides, to provide minor use crop protection, and to improve pesticide tolerances to safeguard infants and children.

SR-332

Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

To hold hearings on S. 1511, to impose sanctions on Burma.

SD-538

Commerce, Science, and Transportation

To hold open and closed hearings on broadcast spectrum issues (closed in S-407, Capitol).

SR-253

Energy and Natural Resources

Business meeting, to consider pending calendar business.

SD-366

Governmental Affairs

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

To hold hearings to examine security in cyberspace.

SD-342

Rules and Administration

To resume hearings on issues with regard to the Government Printing Office, focusing on public access to Government information in the 21st century and GPO's depository library program.

SR-301

Small Business

Business meeting, to mark up proposed legislation to strengthen, expand, and improve the Small Business Investment Company program, and to consider the nomination of Ginger Ehn Lew, of California, to be Deputy Administrator of the Small Business Administration.

SR-428A

10:00 a.m.

Appropriations

Defense Subcommittee

To hold hearings on proposed budget estimates for fiscal year 1997 for the De-

partment of Defense, focusing on the United States Pacific Command.

SD-192

Appropriations

Foreign Operations Subcommittee

To hold hearings on proposed budget estimates for fiscal year 1997 for foreign assistance programs, focusing on peacekeeping and international organizations and programs.

SD-G50

Foreign Relations

Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs Subcommittee

To hold hearings to examine prospects for peace in Afghanistan.

SD-419

2:30 p.m.

Commerce, Science, and Transportation

To hold hearings on S. 1645, to regulate United States scientific and tourist activities in Antarctica and to conserve Antarctic resources, and related programs.

SR-253

MAY 23

9:30 a.m.

Labor and Human Resources

Children and Families Subcommittee

To hold hearings to examine methods of encouraging responsible fatherhood.

SD-430

Special on Aging

To hold hearings to examine how the Supplemental Security Income and the Disability Income programs can be reformed to encourage more people to enter into productive employment.

SD-562

10:00 a.m.

Appropriations

Foreign Operations Subcommittee

To hold hearings on proposed budget estimates for fiscal year 1997 for foreign assistance programs.

SD-106

Appropriations

Legislative Branch Subcommittee

To hold hearings on proposed budget estimates for fiscal year 1997 for the Congressional Budget Office and the Capitol Police.

S-128, Capitol

Governmental Affairs

To resume hearings to examine the status of the modernization of the Internal Revenue Service tax modernization system.

SD-342

Judiciary

Business meeting, to consider pending calendar business.

SD-226

Veterans' Affairs

To hold hearings on miscellaneous veterans bills, including S. 281, S. 749, S. 1131, S. 1342, S. 1711, S. 993, S. 994, S. 995, S. 996, S. 1748, S. 1749, S. 1750, S. 1751, S. 1752, and S. 1753.

SR-418

2:00 p.m.

Appropriations

VA, HUD, and Independent Agencies Subcommittee

To hold hearings on proposed budget estimates for fiscal year 1997 for the Environmental Protection Agency.

SD-138

Appropriations

Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education Subcommittee

To hold hearings on proposed budget estimates for fiscal year 1997 for the Na-

tional Institutes of Health, Department of Health and Human Services.

SD-192

Appropriations

Commerce, Justice, State, and the Judiciary Subcommittee

To hold hearings on proposed budget estimates for fiscal year 1997 for the United Nations and the United States Information Agency.

S-146, Capitol

JUNE 4

10:00 a.m.

Judiciary

To hold hearings on S. 1237, to revise certain provisions of law relating to child pornography.

SD-226

JUNE 5

9:30 a.m.

Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry

To hold hearings to examine proposals to reform the Commodity Exchange Act.

SR-328A

JUNE 11

9:30 a.m.

Indian Affairs

To hold oversight hearings on the implementation of the Indian Trust Fund Management Reform Act of 1994, and on Indian trust funds management by the Department of the Interior.

SR-485

JUNE 13

2:00 p.m.

Appropriations

Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Subcommittee

To hold hearings on proposed budget estimates for fiscal year 1997 for the White House Office of National Drug Control Policy.

SD-192

JUNE 18

9:30 a.m.

Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry

Research, Nutrition, and General Legislation Subcommittee

To hold hearings to review a report to the Department of Agriculture by the Advisory Committee on Agricultural Concentration, and to examine other livestock industry issues.

SR-328A

SEPTEMBER 17

9:30 a.m.

Veterans' Affairs

To hold joint hearings with the House Committee on Veterans' Affairs to review the legislative recommendations of the American Legion.

334 Cannon Building

POSTPONEMENTS

MAY 23

9:30 a.m.

Commerce, Science, and Transportation

To hold hearings to examine issues relating to broadcast spectrum.

SR-253